Favouring not one Union but two

Citation for published version:

Link:
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Document Version:
Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

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Non-partisan information on attitudes to how Scotland should be governed

- Opinion Polls
- Comment & Analysis

Favouring not one union, but two: New evidence from the under 18-year olds

Posted on 12th June 2014 by Jan Eichhorn

Following on from a similar survey conducted in April and May 2013 a team of Edinburgh University researchers, funded by the Economic and Social Research Council through its Future of the UK and Scotland Programme and working under the umbrella of the Applied Quantitative Methods Network (AQMeN), has conducted a new survey of 14 to 17 year olds in Scotland. For this telephone survey (again conducted in April and May) – the only representative and comprehensive survey of the views of this age group on the referendum – 1006 young people were interviewed, of whom 726 will be 16 or older and thus eligible to vote on 18 September 2014.

There has been a substantial swing to Yes in referendum vote intentions as compared with 2013. Amongst the sample as a whole, 30% now back a Yes vote compared with 23% in 2013. In contrast, the proportion saying they favour a No vote has fallen from 58% to 52%. This means that once the Don’t Knows have been excluded there has been a nine point swing to Yes, from 28% last year to 37% now.

The results for those who will actually be eligible to vote in September are, at 29% Yes, 52% No are almost identical. Once the Don’t Knows are excluded, 36% say they will vote Yes.

So while there has been a substantial increase in support for Yes (as the polls suggest there has been in the population as a whole), still a clear majority of under-18 year olds want Scotland to remain in the Union. The youngest age group therefore continues to show a lower level of support for independence than either young adults in particular or the overall adult population as a whole. (The lowest level of support for Yes registered by any poll during April and May was 39% (after Don’t Knows are excluded) while on average all of the polls conducted in May put the Yes vote at 43%.)

The newly enfranchised voters continue to express a strong desire to participate in the referendum. As many as 72% now say that they are very or rather likely to vote compared with 66% in 2013, and not dissimilar to the equivalent figures for adults as a whole. Only 12% say they are very or rather unlikely to vote. If 16 and 17 year olds do participate in the referendum on anything like this scale, it will provide ammunition for those who wish see the voting age lowered to 16 more generally.
However, this year’s survey also covered some new ground, and in doing so uncovered an intriguing result. Adults in Scotland tend to have a rather negative view of the EU (if not necessarily as negative as those south of the border); according to the 2013 Scottish Social Attitudes survey, 59% either want Britain to leave the EU or for the EU’s powers reduced (see Figure 1). Younger Scots, in contrast, hold a more favourable attitude towards Europe. Hardly any 14-17 year olds (just 5%) wish to leave the EU altogether while only a further 22% would like to see the EU’s powers reduced – in short just 27% of 14-17 year olds can be classified as ‘Eurosceptics’. Conversely 44% of young Scots are happy with the situation as it is while 23% want to see even more powers transferred to the European Union.

![Figure 1. Views on Britain's long term policy towards the EU: comparing adults and 14-17 year olds in Scotland](image)

In discussing the results of last year’s survey we suggested that perhaps young Scots have a more international outlook than their elders, and were less interested in being defined by a border. That contention now appears to be confirmed. Although support for a Yes vote has increased, most of the newly enfranchised voters still support the Union with the rest of the UK – alongside UK’s union with the rest of Europe.

A briefing presenting the core results of the survey is now available on the AQMeN website. You can also examine much of the data on What Scotland Thinks.

Topics: Attitudes to independence, Questions of identity & demographics, Referendum voting intention

**About the author**

Dr Jan Eichhorn is a research fellow at the University of Edinburgh’s School of Social and Political Science. His research focuses on issues of political participation as well as subjective well-being.
Barbazenzero • 8 months ago
Noting that AQMeN delegated the fieldwork to mruk, who don't seem to be BPC members, there seem to be no data tables publicly available for this research.

Was any weighting attempted, and are the tables available for us to inspect anywhere?
Interesting though the information above is, how can we put the data in context without reference to them?

In particular, as under 18s are unlikely to be land line subscribers, the whole interview process is very relevant here.

If mobiles were called, how was residence established? Was parental permission always sought, for example, and was the parental voting intention recorded for comparison? Were standard ABC1C2DE weightings applied based on parental answers?

Graeme McDonald • Barbazenzero • 8 months ago
Ah you don't like this poll result eh? because it's showing that future generations are more pro union, now you don't like that and question the poll?

Barbazenzero • Graeme McDonald • 8 months ago
Asking for information does not constitute dislike.

Without seeing the tables we can't make our own assessments of the information provided.

Niels Ferskvand • Barbazenzero • 8 months ago
Ah, the weighting that was done can be found on p.2 here:
https://www.aqmen.ac.uk/sites/...

Barbazenzero • Niels Ferskvand • 8 months ago
Many thanks. An interesting read.

I don't see why they haven't published all 26 questions, though, with the raw answers in tabular form vs parental education. Also a pity that no data by electoral or council area [which could be calculated by postcode] is published.

With parental permission having been gained before inclusion, it also seems odd that no refusal data [by parent and/or child] is published.
Questions about Referendum voting intention

- Have you decided how you will vote in the independence referendum?
- Do you agree that Scotland should be an independent country?
- On a scale of 1 to 10, how likely is it that you would vote in a referendum on independence?
- How would you vote in the referendum if Labour looked set to win the 2015 General Election?
- On a scale of 0 to 10, how likely is it that you would vote in a referendum on Scottish independence?

Questions about Attitudes to independence

- Which party is likely to be the most successful at running Scotland?
- How likely is it that the unionist parties will deliver on their promises of increased devolution?
- Who ought to make most important decisions for Scotland about welfare benefits level?
- Do you think Nicola Sturgeon is doing well or badly as First Minister?
- If Scotland became independent, do you think England and Wales would be economically better or worse off? (Welsh views)

Questions about Questions of identity & demographics

Comment & Analysis Topics

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- Attitudes to increased devolution
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Recent Questions

- Which party is likely to be the most successful at running Scotland?
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- Do you think Nicola Sturgeon is doing well or badly as First Minister?
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